Committee(s):	Date(s):
Port Health & Environmental Services Committee	9 May 2017
Subject:	Public
Approval of the 2017-2018 Food Safety Enforcement	
Plans for the City and the London Port Health Authority	
Report of:	For Decision
Director of Markets & Consumer Protection	
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Summary

This report seeks your Committee's approval for two Food Service Enforcement Plans; one for the City of London and one for the London Port Health Authority.

The Food Standards Agency (FSA) is the central competent authority for the administration of Regulation EC 882/2004 on official food and feed control in the UK and they have powers in the Food Standards Act 1999 to set standards of performance and audit and monitor local authorities. The FSA have set up a Framework Agreement with local authorities in England which we are obliged to follow when developing our food and feed services and planning our enforcement activity.

Under this agreement, the FSA also requires each local food authority to publish an annual Food Service Enforcement Plan for their food safety work and due to the City Corporation being the competent authority for both the City and the London Port Health Authority, we are required to produce a plan for each service.

Recommendations

We recommend that your Committee approves:

- a) the City of London Food Service Enforcement Plan 2017-2018; and
- b) the London Port Health Authority Food Service Enforcement Plan 2017-2018.

Main Report

Background

- Notwithstanding the UK's impending EU exit, the approach to Official Food and Feed Controls currently remains set from Europe with EC Regulation 882/2004 providing the principal framework; this framework is however set for review by the EU.
- 2. The Food Standards Agency (FSA) the central UK food authority have also embarked on a review program, *Regulating Our Future*, with a new operational model scheduled for 2020. As this change program develops and

- with it the overall regulatory landscape, local authorities have pledged to continue to support the current regulatory delivery model in the interim ensuring a clear focus on risk-based priorities remains in place.
- 3. This year's Enforcement Plans consider the best ways to use legislative and non-legislative tools most effectively with more being explored so as to keep consumer interests at the heart of what we do and where it is required, influencing business behaviour in the interests of those consumers.

Current Position

- 4. The City Corporation must ensure that the services we provide to support and achieve business compliance with food safety law address the 'whole package' set out by the FSA and that we deliver this in line with the Government's better regulation agenda.
- 5. We must also however, continue to meet the local needs of City businesses, residents, workers and visitors as set out in the Vision, Strategic Aims and Key Policy Priorities of the City of London Corporate Plan 2015-2019; this is achieved through our departmental Business Plan and individual service plans which detail the work that will be done and which is judged by our Key Performance Indicators.
- 6. The City Corporation publishes its Food Service Enforcement Plans as the FSA expects as an expression of its commitment to the development of food safety in the Port and City of London and it is my intention to continue to make these plans available to our stakeholders including publishing them on the City of London website.
- 7. Both Food Service Enforcement Plans set out the direction of future enforcement work and we aim to:
 - a) target poor performing food businesses appropriately to secure improvements; and
 - b) work with better performing businesses to ensure they maintain full compliance.
- 8. However there are continuing challenges which we face and these are set out below.

The national Food Hygiene Rating Scheme, FHRS

9. We remain an advocate of FHRS ensuring that we promote display of rating stickers in premises as well as publishing all ratings on the national <u>website</u> so that the public can make informed choices on where to eat or purchase food. We believe this helps to push overall food hygiene standards towards improvement.

 We support mandatory display of rating information in England. Last October Northern Ireland joined Wales in making the display of a business' green FHRS score sticker compulsory.

Compliance and dealing with poor performing food businesses

- 11. There continues to be an upward trend in the total number of food businesses trading in our area year on year and hidden behind that there is also the 'churn' of premises of 10-15%.
- 12. The vast majority of our businesses are broadly compliant. In 2016-17, this was 93%, up on 2015-2016's 91.4% and 2014-2015's 89.7% and around 70% currently achieve the highest 5 rating.
- 13. However, around 7% (130) of our current businesses are rated as a zero, 1 or 2 and whilst this is an improvement on previous years, we will continue to concentrate time and resources on these particular businesses to improve their levels of food hygiene compliance.

Changes to the inspection programmes

- 14. Whilst the City may now have more premises overall to inspect circa 1860 the effect on the inspection programme per annum has been fairly negligible with the total number of inspections due each year hovering around the 900 to 1000 mark since 2012-2013.
- 15. This coming year however, 1138 inspections are due, this is partly to changes in risk bandings within the Food Law Code three years ago which precipitated an increase in the number of the lower, D rated premises (and thus a reduction the higher, C rated ones); this change had the effect of putting back elements parts of our inspection workload to future years by transferring many inspections from an 18 month to a 2 year cycle.
- 16. New premises should be inspected within 28 days of opening and if the nature of business alters sufficiently, it too should be inspected; as the FSA commented in their 2015 Audit Report on us:-

"The (City Corporation) demonstrated consistent high performance with regard to meeting planned inspection targets of food businesses due an intervention".

17. Finally the City's Food Safety Service has been working closely over the last year with the FSA and other London local authorities on Less Than Thoroughly Cooked (LTTC) foods or "rare burgers" which have become extremely fashionable and popular but which if not prepared correctly according to the FSA's advice and guidance, can be the source of food poisoning and we will continue to ensure that those who wish to market, produce and serve such food to the public do it safely and with minimal risks.

Increase in Trade at the Ports

- 18. The overall numbers of imported food consignments compared to the previous year has increased by over 21%, mainly due to the growth in trade at London Gateway. Trade has also shifted between Ports; from Tilbury to London Gateway, and from Sheerness to Tilbury.
- 19. Looking forward, predictions indicate that the anticipated growth in global container shipping is set to continue, with London Gateway and Tilbury developing their port capacity and infrastructure. Four new trade routes will be calling at London Gateway in 2017.
- 20. Although Thamesport has yet to see the return of an international food or feed trade, recent liaison with the Port Operator has indicated that this may change in the next year. Depending on the nature of the trade secured this may require an increased presence at that port to conduct inspections. However, this will be facilitated via the existing offices at London Gateway and Tilbury, with officers sent to Thamesport, as required with all document handling being undertaken at either London Gateway or Tilbury offices, as appropriate.
- 21. With the implications of the EU Exit still unknown at this time, there is a potential for a significant increase in demand if official controls are placed on food and feed imports entering the UK from the EU; currently the LPHA only deals with food and feed imported from outside the EU. The LPHA is engaging with Government Departments and other Port Health Authorities to understand and influence decisions post EU Exit.
- 22. The Port Health Service recognises the need to deliver an efficient and effective service and continues to develop mobile working solutions and delivery processes, including centralising back-office functions, to meet these demands.

Corporate and Strategic Implications

- 23. The two Enforcement Plans reflect the detailed operational work undertaken by our regulatory enforcement teams in support of the strategic aims of the City and through:-
 - a) ensuring by advice and enforcement that the City's business community is legally compliant and that it continues to produce food hygienically and which is safe to eat; and
 - b) ensuring that food products entering the country through our ports meet the food safety requirements of the whole of the UK.
- 24. The plans are linked into our Departmental and Service Business Plans through setting out detailed activities which support our Key Performance Indicators.
- 25. Approval of these Plans will ensure that the City Corporation as a both a Food and a Port Health authority meets its fundamental obligations under the requirements of the FSA's Official Controls Framework Agreement.

26. Finally it is my intention to make these plans available to all stakeholder businesses operating within City of London which will include publication on the City of London's website. In accordance with the stated intentions of the FSA, this will make the City's intentions transparent and accountable to all relevant parties and also enables any comments received on the documents to be taken into account at the next revision for 2017-2018.

Other Implications

27. There are no other implications that would result from approval of this report.

Proposals

- 28. It is recommended that your Committee approves:
 - a) the City of London Food Service Enforcement Plan 2017-2018; and
 - b) the London Port Health Authority Food Service Enforcement Plan 2017-2018.

Conclusion

29. The attached service plans follow the prescribed format and content required by the FSA's Official Controls Framework Agreement and updated annually, and subject to your approval, will form part of the Business Plan 2017-2020 for the Port Health & Public Protection Service.

Background Documents:

- City Food Service Enforcement Plan 2017-2018
- London Port Health Authority Food Service Enforcement Plan 2017-2018

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